Terminology Status APIs – Mapping obsolete codes to current RxNorm, SNOMED CT and LOINC concepts

Lee Peters, Thang Nguyen and Olivier Bodenreider

U.S. National Library of Medicine, Bethesda, MD, USA

Abstract

We created the Terminology Status Application Programming Interface (API) to assist users in mapping obsolete codes to current RxNorm, SNOMED CT and LOINC concepts. Use cases include support for information retrieval, maintenance of value sets, and analytics of legacy clinical databases. Our terminology status APIs typically receive over 4 million calls per month on average.

Keywords: RxNorm; SNOMED CT; LOINC

Motivation

In medical terminologies, new releases introduce new concepts, remove obsolete concepts and reorganize others through remapping. Managing change in large terminologies can be burdensome to users. We created the Terminology Status Application Programming Interface (API) to assist users in mapping obsolete codes to current RxNorm, SNOMED CT and LOINC concepts.

Terminology Status APIs

The status APIs have been developed to help manage change in three major medical terminologies, whose use is required for the Meaningful Use certification criteria: RxNorm, SNOMED CT and LOINC. While theRxNorm service has been part of the RxNorm API for several years, we developed equivalent services for SNOMED CT (including concepts specific to the U.S. extension of SNOMED CT) and LOINC more recently, for the purpose of validating value sets for clinical quality measures.

The RxNorm status API [1] returns 3 elements: Status – active, “alien” (i.e., present in one of the source terminologies, but without an RxNorm type), remapped, retired or unknown; Last active release date; and Concept information for active and remapped status.

The SNOMED CT status API [2] returns 3 elements: Current status – retired, active or moved; Effective time – the version of the latest change; and SNOMED CT identifiers for remapped concepts.

The LOINC mapto API [3] returns an array of LOINC identifiers when the original identifier is remapped.

All three APIs are available in two flavors, SOAP-based and RESTful. Each API also has a version function so that users can determine which version of the data set is being used. The services are updated as new terminology versions become available. Figure 1 shows an example of query to the SNOMED CT status API (RESTful version), along with the information returned.

Use Cases

Use cases for these status APIs include: 1) Supporting information retrieval systems that accept concept identifiers as queries (e.g., MedlinePlusConnect uses this service); 2) Determining outdated or remapped drug concepts in clinical drug databases (e.g., updating value sets); and 3) Supporting analytics of older datasets coded to past versions of the terminologies.

Our terminology status APIs typically receive over 4 million calls per month on average.

Acknowledgements

This work was supported by the Intramural Research Program of the NIH, National Library of Medicine.

References


Address for correspondence
RXNAVINFO@LIST.NIH.GOV